



*Zaika Yu., Vikulina M.*

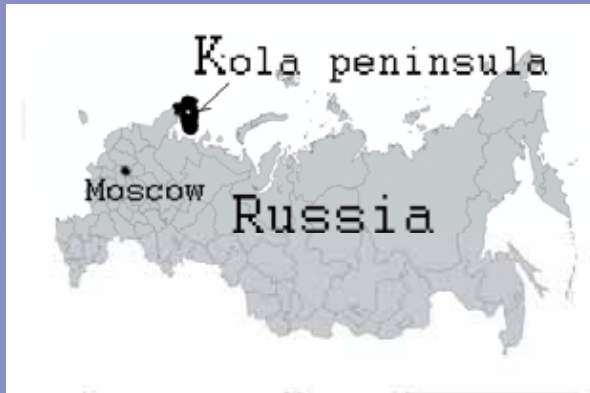
*Snowiness changes in the  
Khibiny Mountains due to  
predicted global warming*

*Kirovsk  
2009*

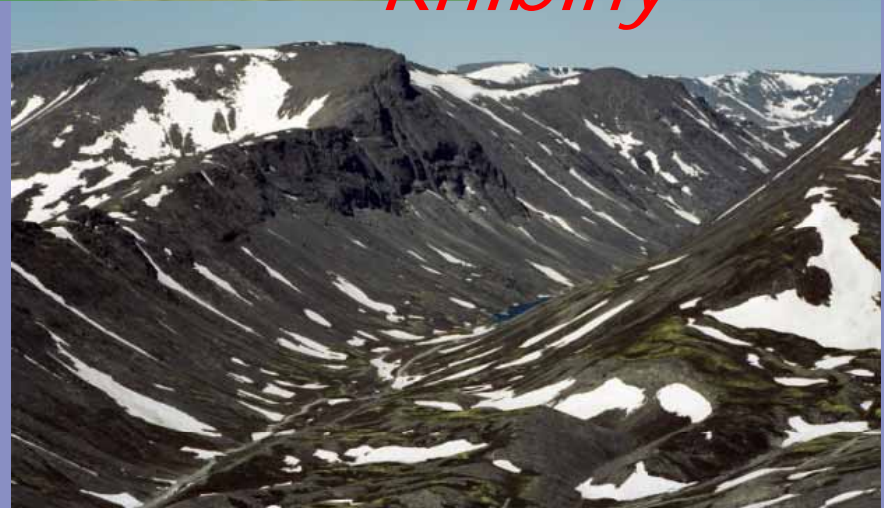
# Khibiny educational and scientific base

## Faculty of Geography

### Moscow State University



*Khibiny*



# *Visual snow cover observations*



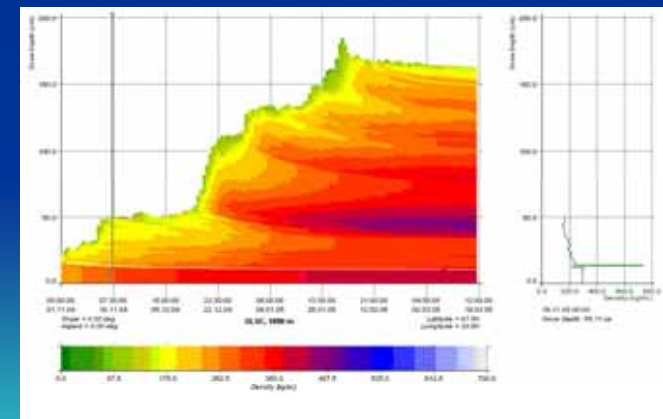
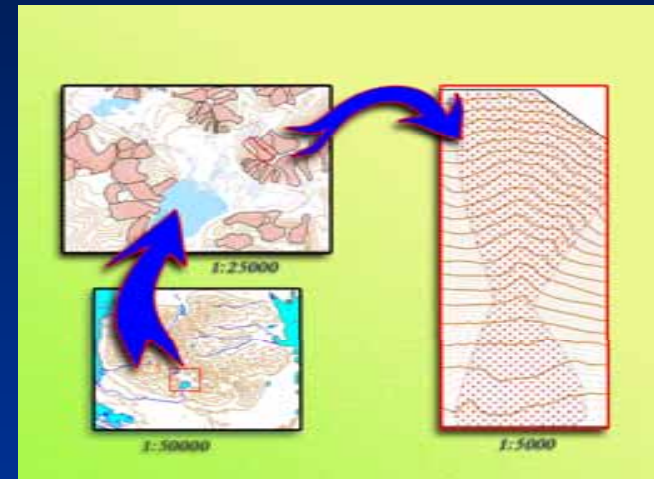
**Test area**



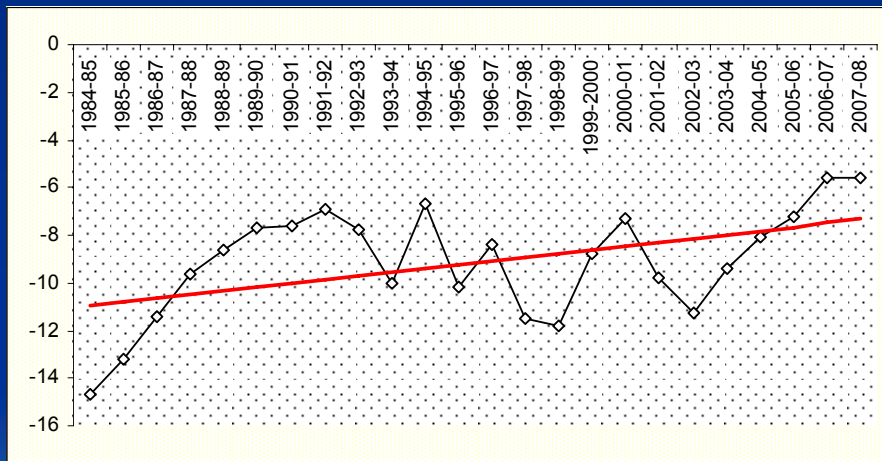
**Field area**



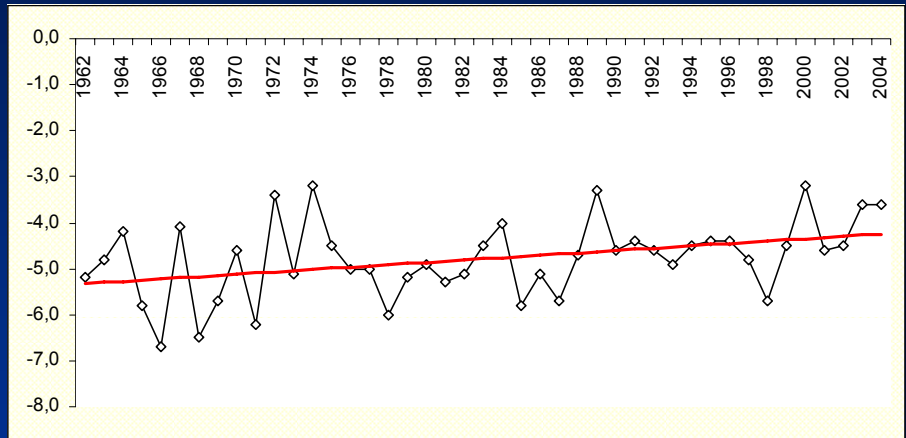
# Investigations of snow cover and meteorological data using software



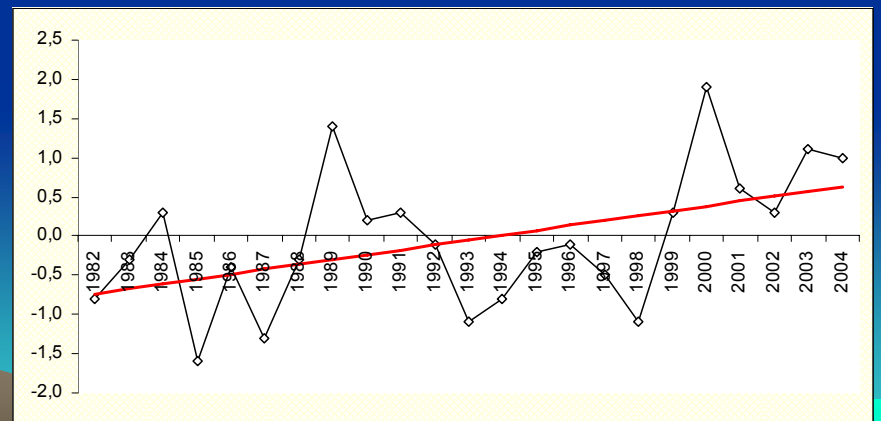
# The meteorological observations show a tendency for increase of the overall winter period temperature and mean annual temperature



*test area of Khibiny base (320 m)*

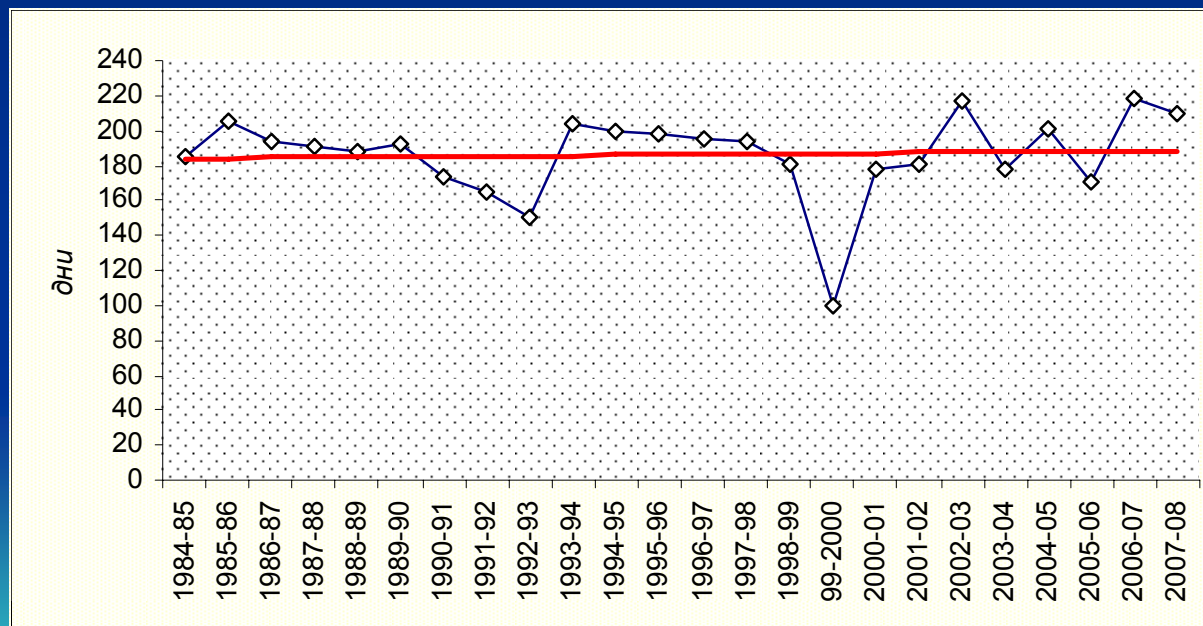


*weather station of JSC Apatit (1050 m)*



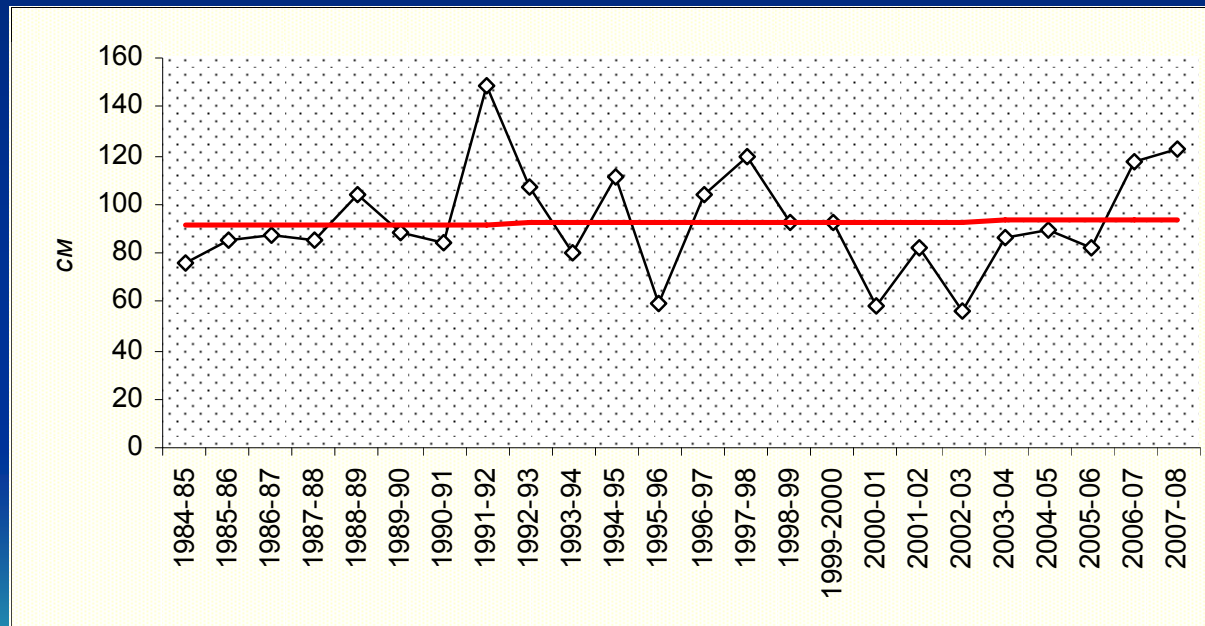
*weather station of JSC Apatit (360 m)*

*General properties of snow cover such as the length of snow cover period, dates of stable snow cover formation, average snow mass growth are stable*



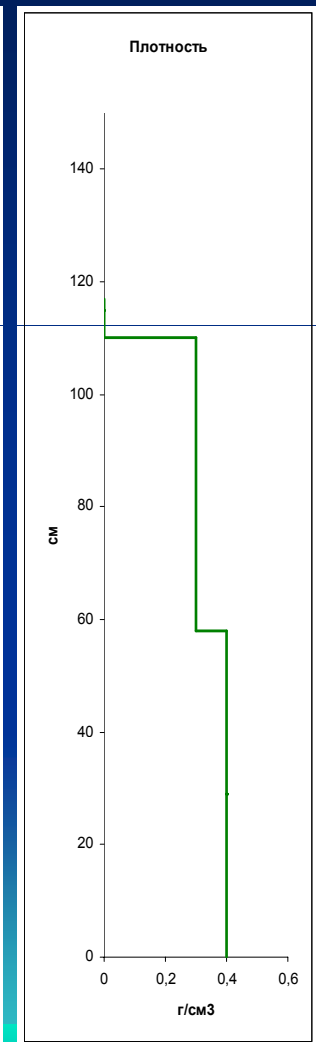
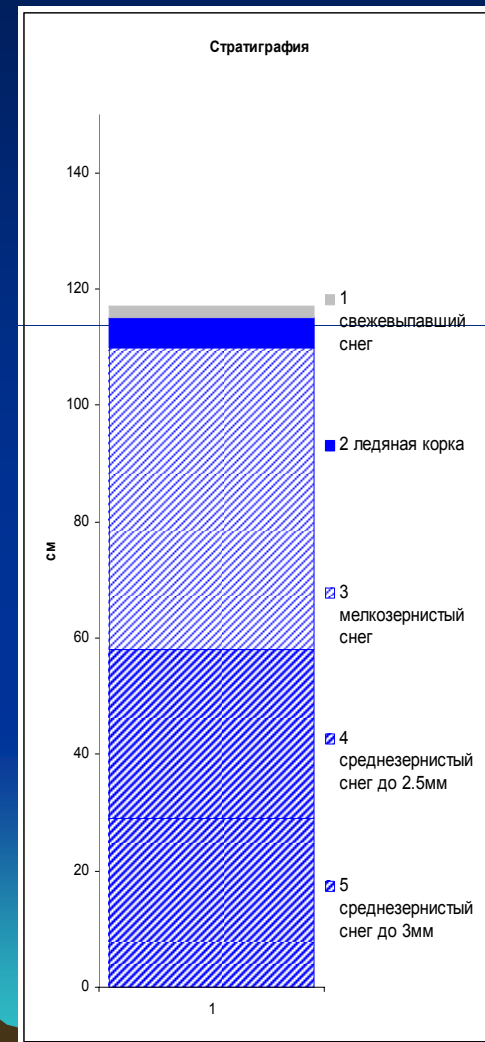
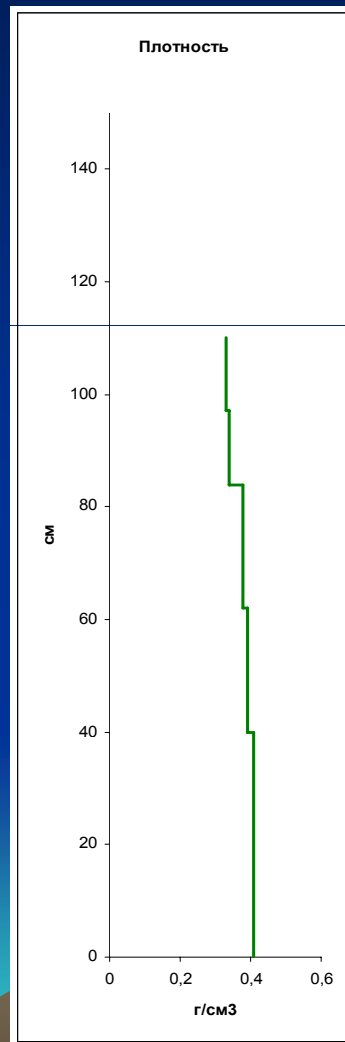
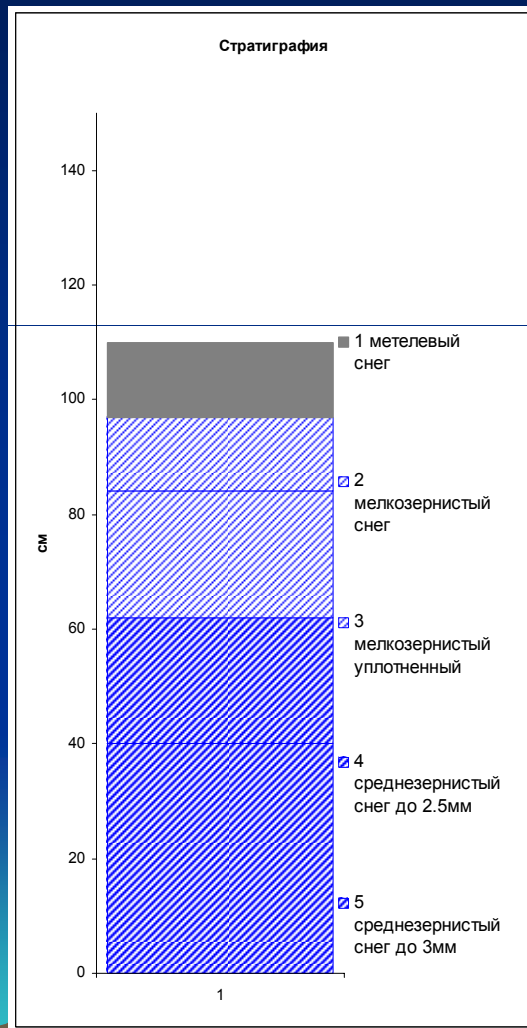
*The length of the snow cover period*

*Values of maximum snow accumulation  
have interannual fluctuations but no  
significant trend*



*Thickness of snow cover*

# Investigations of snow cover stratigraphy determine the absence of changes both in metamorphism processes, and in distribution of temperature and density in the snowpack layers



*pit 26.02.1985*

*pit 14.03.2008*

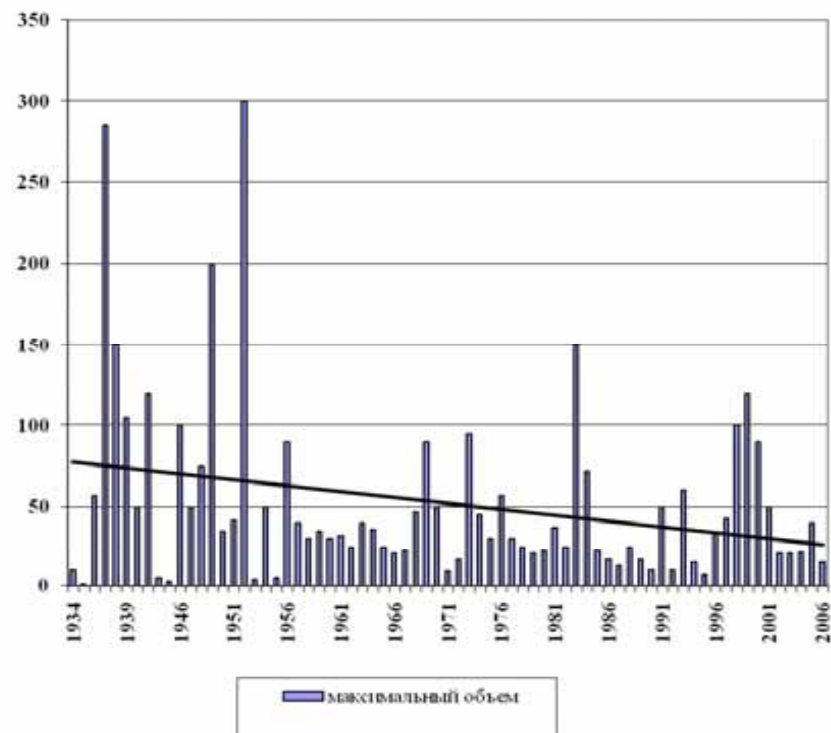
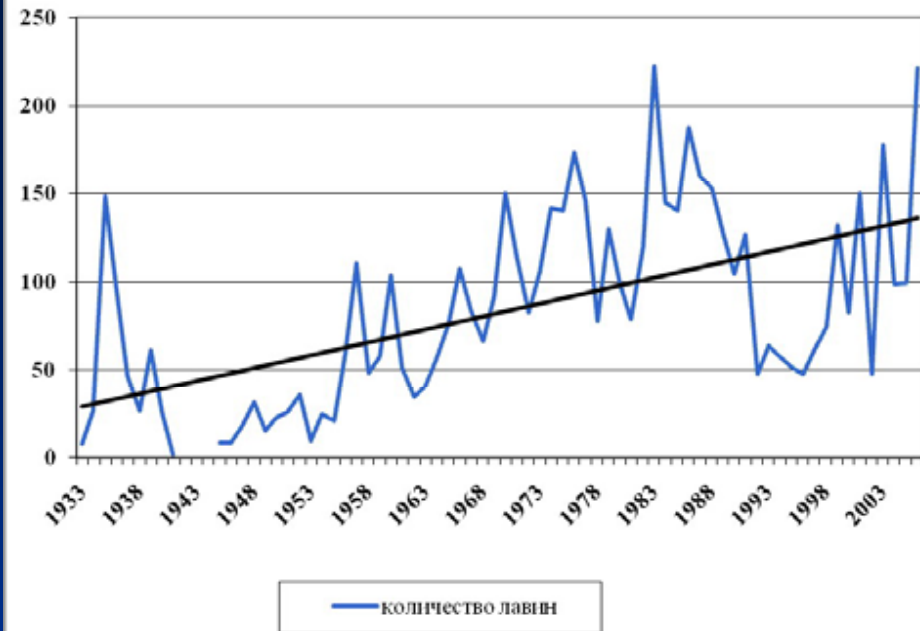


***Through the comparison of data on winter types by snowiness and temperature conditions we have determined that around the test area winters of mean snowiness (68%) and moderate temperature (76%) dominate***

***Winter types by snowiness and temperature conditions***

<b>Types of winters</b>	<b>Snow cover thickness, cm</b>	<b>Number of winters</b>
<b>Snowy</b>	More than 85	<b>4(16%)</b>
<b>Mean snowy</b>	from 50 to 85	<b>16(68%)</b>
<b>Not snowy</b>	Less than 50	<b>4(16%)</b>
	<b>Mean air temperature</b>	
<b>Warm</b>	More than -9°	<b>3(12%)</b>
<b>Temperate</b>	from -9° to -13°	<b>18(76%)</b>
<b>Cold</b>	Less than -13°	<b>3(12%)</b>

*The intensity of avalanche processes is at its maximum. There is a reduction of avalanche volumes simultaneously with the increase of their number*



# *Conclusions*

- **For the last 25 years of regular observations on snow cover and meteorological conditions we conclude that:**
- **General properties of snow cover are stable**
- **There is a tendency for increase of winter period temperature as well as mean annual temperature but these trends are not statistically significant**
- **The intensity of avalanche processes is at its maximum simultaneously there is a reduction of its volumes**



A blue-tinted photograph of a snowy mountain landscape. The scene is dominated by rolling hills and valleys covered in snow. In the distance, a bright sun is visible on the horizon, creating a soft glow. The overall atmosphere is serene and quiet.

*THANK YOU  
FOR ATTENTION*